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Diagnosis of equine trypanosomosis by molecular detection of 7SL-derived small RNAs: a promising alternative to serological diagnosis?

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INTRODUCTION

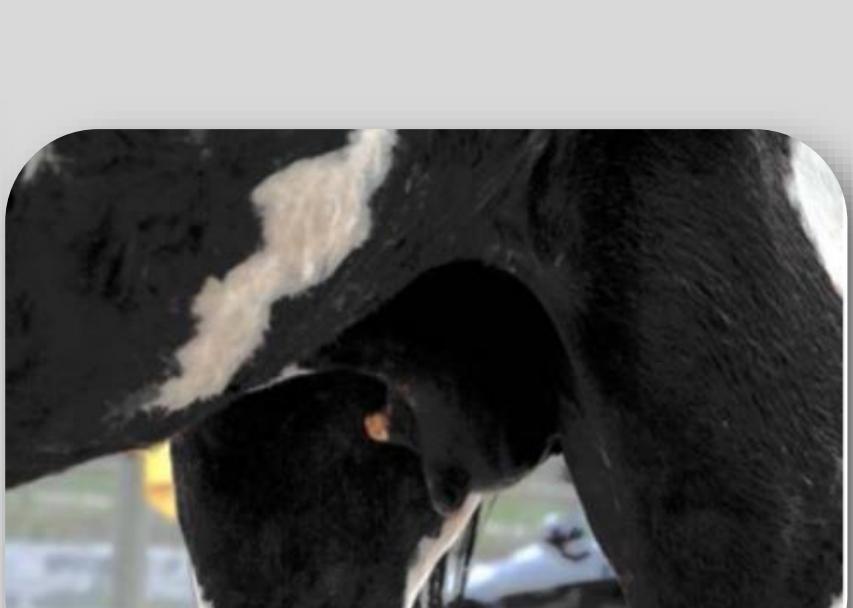
Dourine is an equine trypanosomosis, a parasitic disease caused by *Trypanosoma equiperdum*. Given the absence of vaccine and efficient drugs, equine trypanosomosis constitute a major health and economic problem for international trade.



Ventral edema



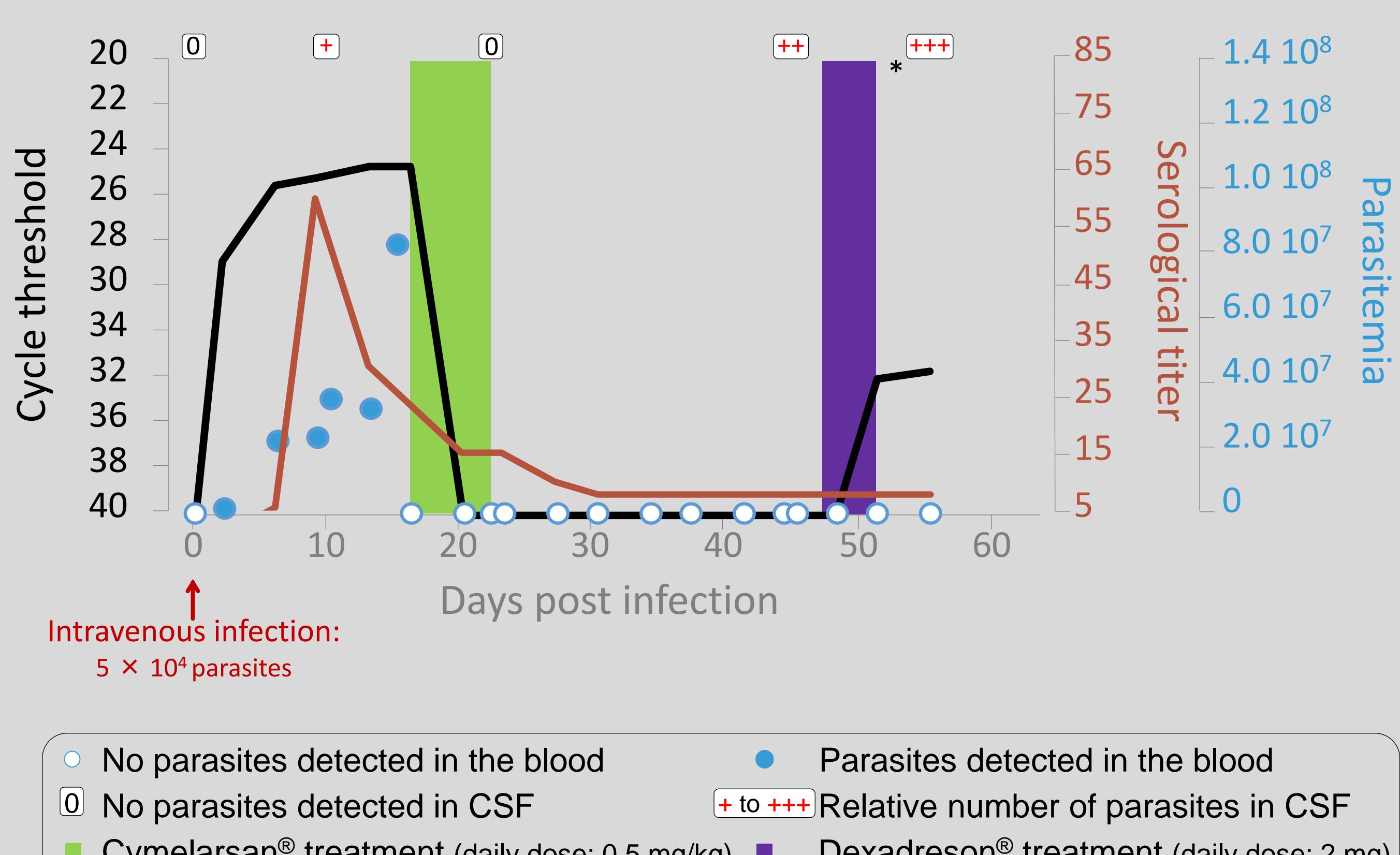
Weight loss



Genital edema

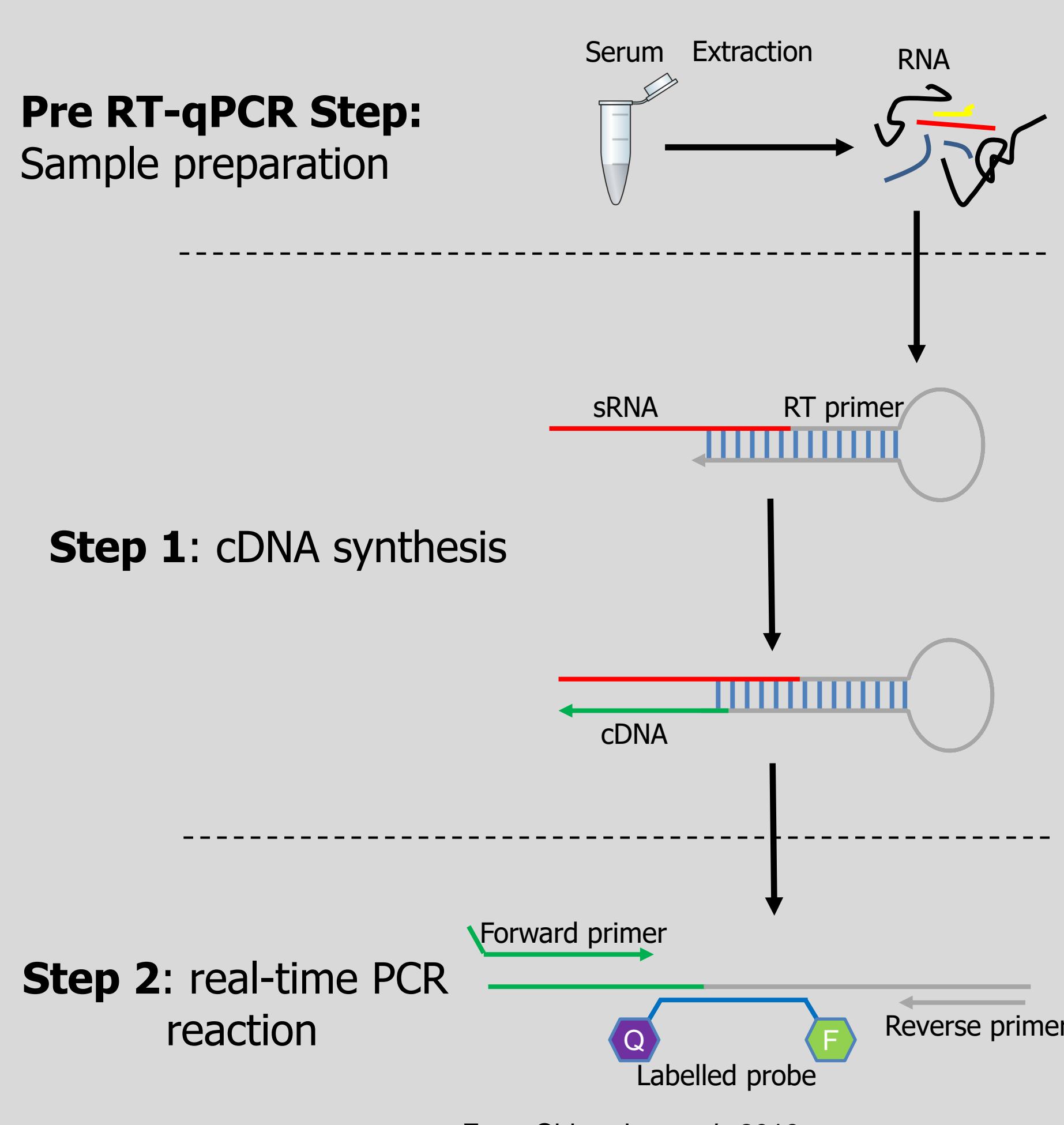
Diagnosis of equine trypanosomosis is a challenge, but it has been recently demonstrated that a small RNA (7SL-sRNA) is secreted in high concentration in the serum of infected horses. In collaboration with the Roslin Institute in Edinburgh, this study aimed to determine if the detection of the 7SL-sRNA by RT-qPCR represents a suitably sensitive and specific marker for detection of *T. equiperdum* OVI infection.

DETECTION OF 7SL-sRNA IN ANIMALS INFECTED BY *T. EQUIPERDUM*



- Fast accumulation of 7SL-sRNA in blood.
- Rapid disappearance of signal after trypanocidal treatment.
- Relapse detected following immunosuppressive treatment.
- 100% of specificity (tested on 63 seronegative sera)

7SL-sRNA TAQMAN RT-qPCR ASSAY



From Chives et al., 2019

Schematic representation of the Taqman RT-qPCR assay.

CONCLUSIONS

- RT-qPCR assay targeting trypanosome 7SL-sRNA:
 - Is highly sensitive.
 - Predicts active infections and parasite clearance.
- This tool allows a rapid, sensitive and specific detection of *Trypanosoma* infection!

OUTLOOK

- Evaluate the methods with sera from naturally infected animals.
- Standardize this method and implement it as an alternative method for dourine diagnosis.